

## Communicating Concerns and Documenting Discussions (SBAR Tool)

**THIS MUST BE DOCUMENTED IN THE NURSING RECORD**

INFORMATION TO COLLECT AND HANDOVER		
S	Situation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Identify yourself and the ward you are calling from</li> <li>2. Identify your patient by name and the reason for your call (e.g. vomiting, feels unwell, breathlessness, pain, dizziness, fall)</li> <li>3. Onset of symptoms (30 minutes, 1 day)</li> </ol>
B	Background	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Give the reason for admission</li> <li>5. Explain significant past medical history</li> <li>6. Give an overview of the patients' current admission, including: admitting diagnosis, date of admission, prior procedures, current medication, allergies, pertinent laboratory results and other relevant diagnostic results.</li> </ol>
A	Assessment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7. Objective observations (<b>be specific, do not use terms high or low</b>) e.g. Temperature - 38.5, Pulse - 110, BP – 160/95, Respirations -24, O2 sats - 98%, Alert, Urinalysis positive to ketones</li> <li>8. Report any evidence of bleeding and location (skull, arm)</li> <li>9. Advise whether the patient is in pain and colour of skin (flushed, pale, blue?), colour of sputum (white and frothy, green?)</li> <li>10. Any abnormal sounds e.g. wheezing, coughing?</li> <li>11. Any abnormal smells e.g. ketones, alcohol?</li> <li>12. Is the patient taking in fluids?</li> <li>13. What is the patient's urine output</li> </ol>
R	Recommendation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>14. Recommended action from doctor/specialist contacted: e.g. Increase observations/ commence on medication/ call ambulance</li> <li>15. What are the actions of the nursing team and actions of the medical team?</li> <li>16. When should this be reviewed?</li> </ol>